

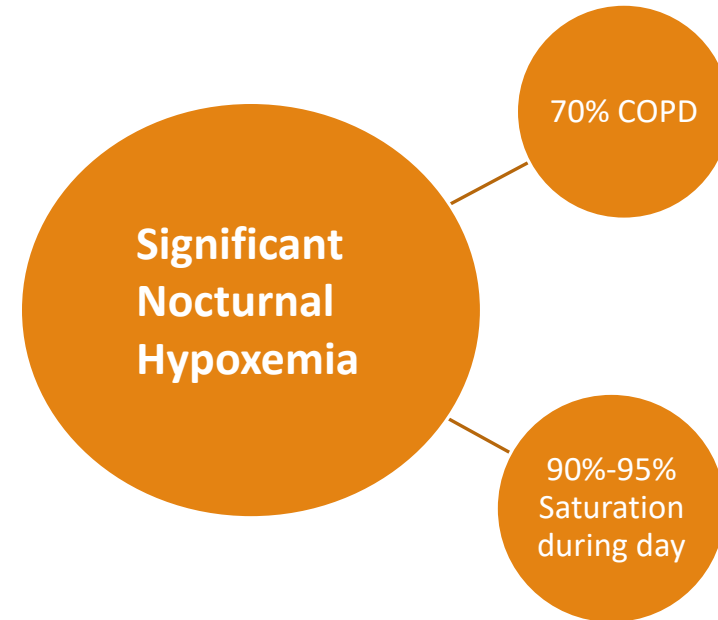
Effects of Sleep Stages on Oxygen Saturation and Ventilation in COPD

JOHN R. WHITE, MD

A solid orange horizontal bar at the bottom of the slide.

Nocturnal Hypoxemia in COPD patients

Significant nocturnal hypoxemia is reported in up to 70% of COPD patients who have daytime oxygen saturations of 90%-95%



Effect on Minute Ventilation

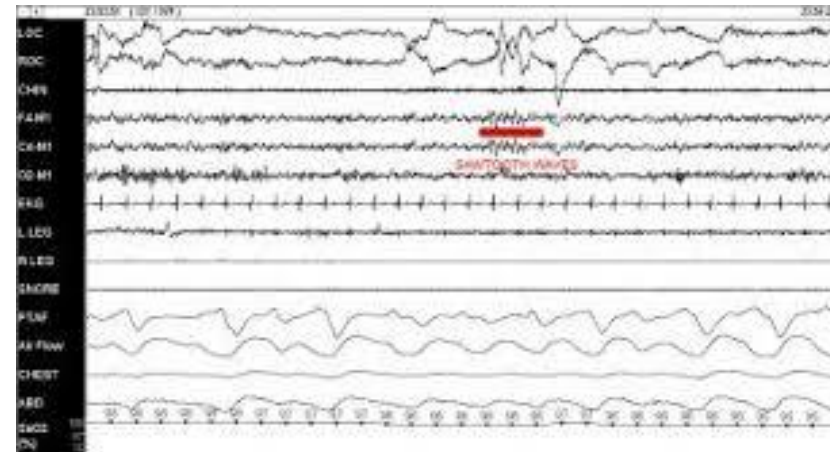
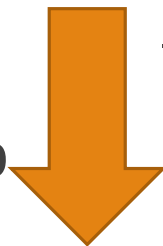
Minute Ventilation (V_E) can drop NREM

16%

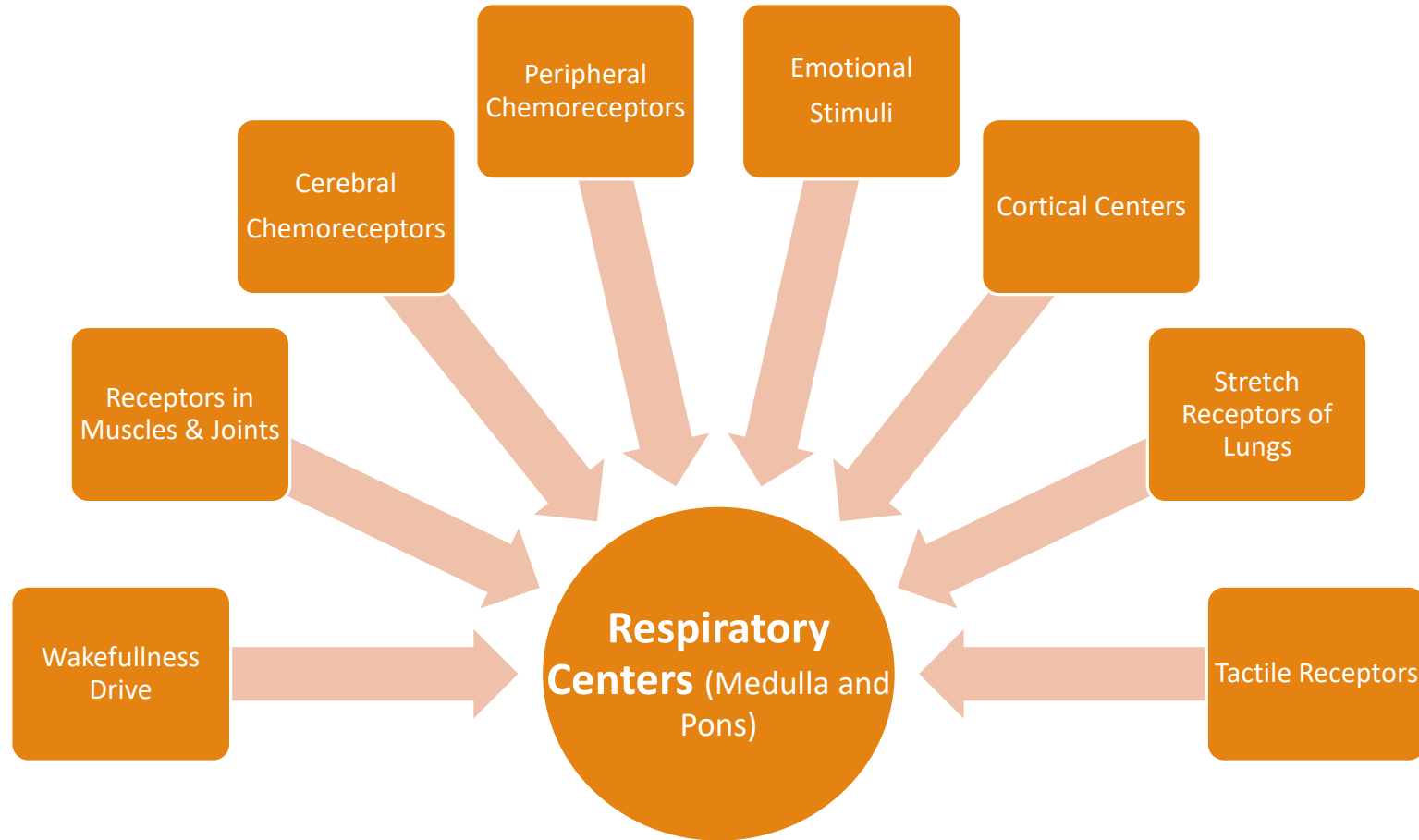


Minute Ventilation (V_E) can drop REM

32%



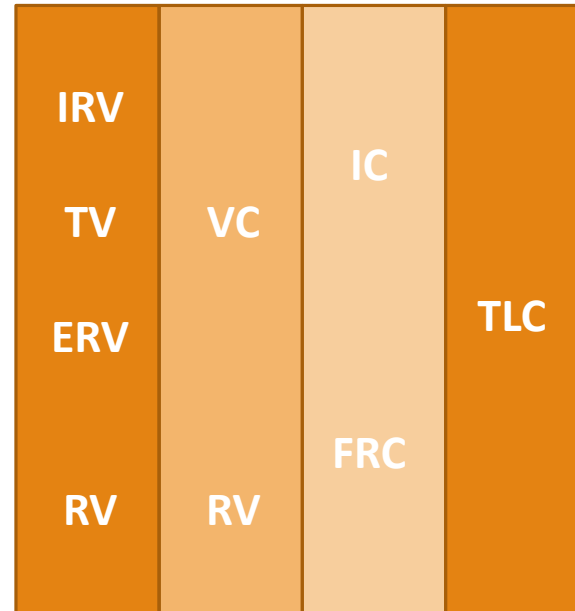
Respiratory Control



Effects of sleep

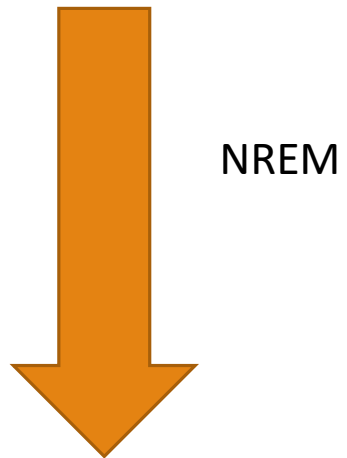
Sleep effects-

- Airway Resistance
- Thoracopulmonary Compliance
- Lung Volumes

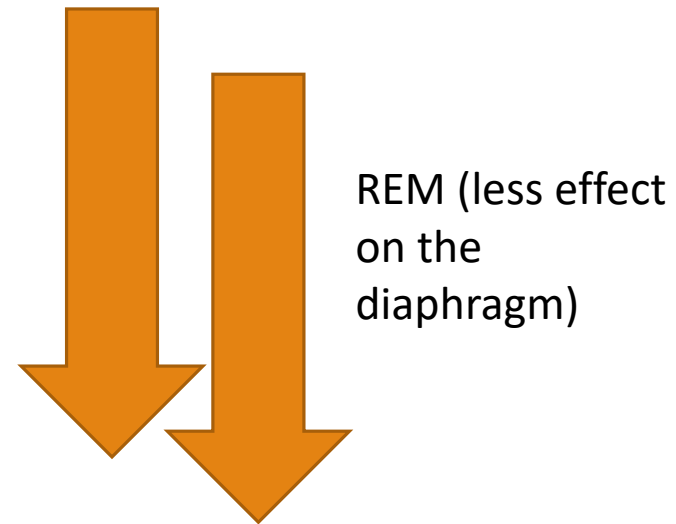


Respiratory Muscle Activity

DECREASES IN NREM SLEEP



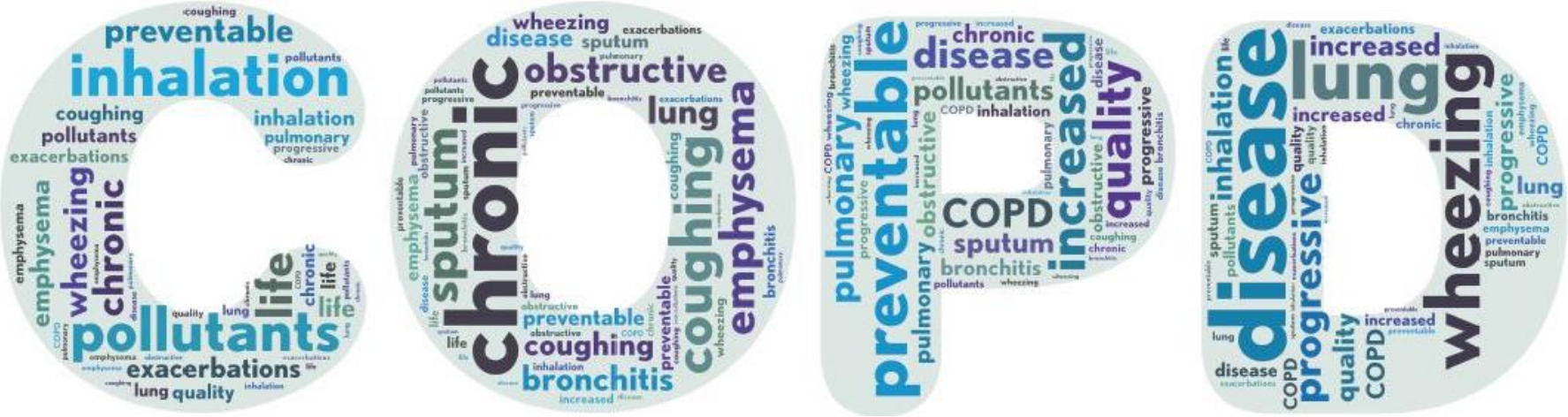
DECREASES FURTHER IN REM SLEEP



COPD

Defined as:

A preventable and treatable disease characterized by persistent airflow limitation that is usually progressive and associated with an enhanced chronic inflammatory response in the airways and lungs to noxious particles and gases.

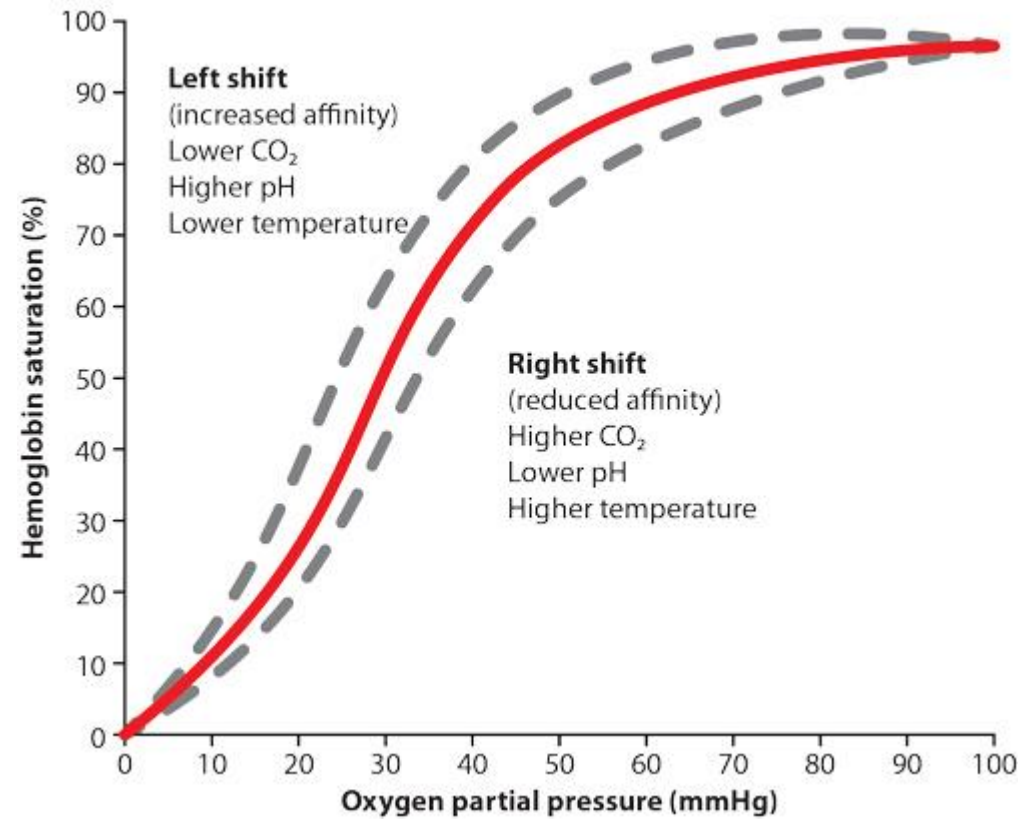


Source <http://www.safecare.com/wp-content/blogs.dir/13/files/2017/04/COPD.jpg>

COPD

COPD patients with limited oxygen reserves may be operating on the steep portion of the oxyhemoglobin dissociation curve; such that a slight drop in PaO₂ causes a large drop in oxygen saturation.

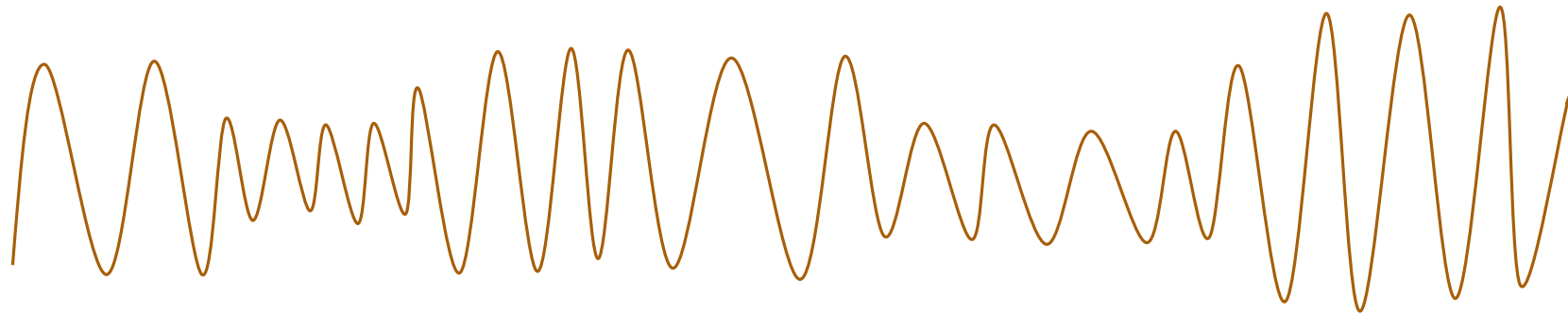
Figure 3: Oxyhemoglobin dissociation curve



Sleep Hypoventilation

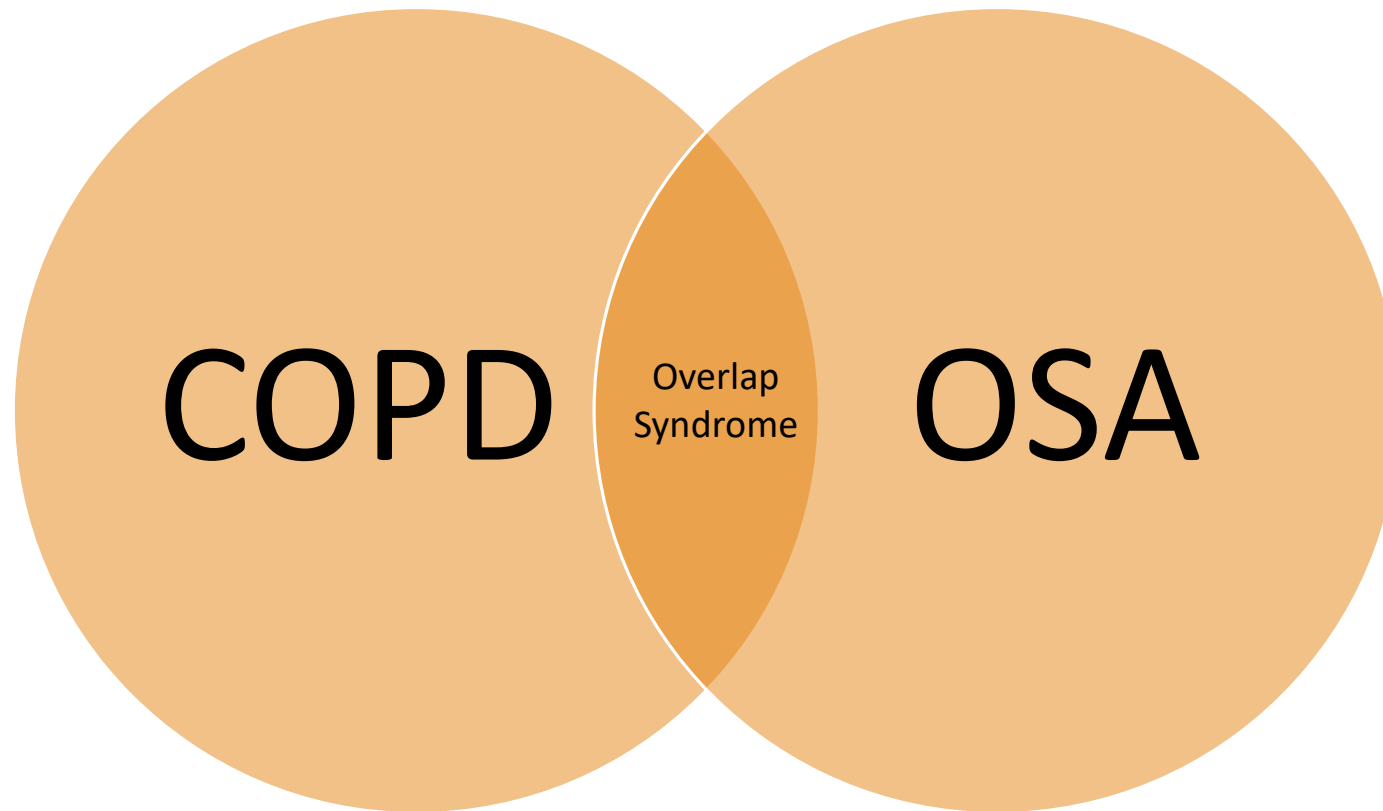
Defined as:

- An increase in PaCO₂ to > 55 mmHg for ≥ 10 minutes, **or**
- An increase in the PaCO₂ by ≥ 10 mmHg above the awake supine value to a value over 50 mmHg for ≥ 10 minutes



Overlap Syndrome of COPD & OSA

An overlap syndrome consisting of COPD and OSA result in worse morbidity and mortality



References

- Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine Vol. 11, No. 3, 2015. p. 259-270
- Sleep Disorders in Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease. Etiology, Impact and Management by Budhiraja, et. al